Changing Cultural Traditions

I. Choose the right option from the following statements

Question 1.

Cassandra Fedele was

- (a) Women humanist
- (b) Orator
- (c) Curator
- (d) Professor

▼ Answer

Answer: (a) Women humanist

Question 2.

Erasmus, a Christian humanist was from

- (a) Africa
- (b) Asia
- (c) Holland
- (d) England.

▼ Answer

Answer: (c) Holland

Question 3.

Protestant Reformers was

- (a) A document opposing church practises
- (b) A movement against Catholic Church by Martin Luther, a monk
- (c) A mutiny
- (d) Peasants' movement opposing over-taxation.

▼ Answer

Answer: (b) A movement against Catholic Church by Martin Luther, a monk

Question 4.

Copernicus was afraid of printing his manuscript because

- (a) It was not good to mankind
- (b) It was a disclosure of Church's fallacy
- (c) It would here jeopardise his image in society
- (d) He wanted to avoid its bitter percussions in his individual life-time.

▼ Answer

Answer: (d) He wanted to avoid its bitter percussions in his individual life-time.

Question 5.

William Tyndal while presenting English version of Bible says

- (a) It will create public awareness to religion
- (b) Network of Christianity would increase
- (c) It will imprint virtues in the hearts of masses
- $\hbox{(d) It will disclose how trickily, the church and its clergy men have made Bible all for their advantage.} \\$

▼ Answer

Answer: (d) It will disclose how trickily, the church and its clergy men have made Bible all for their advantage.

II. Fill in the blanks

Question 1

All men are bad and even ready to display their nature partly because of the fact that human desires are

▼ Answer







Answer: insatiable
Question 2. Good manners include politeness in speech and activity, dress correctly and positive
▼ Answer
Answer: skills
Question 3. She condemned republic for freedom defined in favour of men over those of women.
▼ Answer
Answer: desires
Question 4. It is well for a woman to have a and delicate tenderness with an air of feminine sweetness in her every movement/gesture.
▼ Answer
Answer: certain soft
Question 5. Clergy would sell which apparently freed the buyer from the burden of the sins he had committed.
▼ Answer
Answer: indulgences
Question 6. Complete faith in God alone could to the right life and entry into heaven.
▼ Answer
Answer: guide
Question 7. Ignatius Loyola, a Spanish set up the in 1540 to cope with Protestanism.
▼ Answer
Answer: Jesus Society
Question 8. De revolutionibus of retained by him impublished till his death bed.
▼ Answer
Answer: Copernicus
Question 9 meant the area of government and of formal religion.
▼ Answer
Answer: Public sphere of life
Question 10. Europe dissolved in a number of smaller independent states on basis as Italy initially was in dissolved state.
▼ Answer
Answer: Linguistic.





III. Write "true" or "untrue" against the following statements:

Question 1.

Andreas Vesalius wrote his-On Anatomy in 1575.

▼ Answer

Answer: Untrue

Question 2.

Copernicus could not get published his De Revolutionibus because of poverty of courage.

▼ Answer

Answer: true

Question 3.

To say Middle ages, a period of stagnation and period of renaissance as dynamic, is all correct.

Answer

Answer: untrue

Question 4.

Europe was united as a result of renaissance lighted the minds of masses.

▼ Answer

Answer: untrue

Question 5.

Recognition'of knowledge of product of observations and experiment filled the environment with the air of natural sciences i.e. Physics, Chemistry, Biology etc.

▼ Answer

Answer: true

Question 6.

Conch blowing of discussions and debate mandatory to understand subjects on humanities i.e. grammar, rhetoric, poetry, history and moral philosophy gave birth to persons of multiple expertise.

▼ Answer

Answer: true

Question 7.

Life like statues, eg. "The Pieta" indicate the sculptor Michelangelo Buonarroti was equally a good partner and architect in himself.

▼ Answer

Answer: true

Question 8.

Albrecht Durer, an artist says that no man shall ever be able to make a beautiful figure out of his own imagination unless he has well stored his mind by much copying from life.

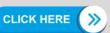
▼ Answer

Answer: true

Question 9

No grievance the peasants produced showing disregard to the church in the matter of increase in taxes.

▼ Answer





Answer: untrue

Question 10.

Academy of Sciences set-up in Paris in 1678.

▼ Answer

Answer: untrue

IV. Match the persons with the event/works related to them

Column A	Column B
(i) Leonardo, da Vinci	(a) The DUomo, Florence Cathedral
(ii) Michelangelo	(b) A Humanist who opposed church practices.
(iii) Albrecht Durer	(c) Women activist for empowerment of women.
(iv) Giotto	(d) The Prince (Book on Human nature)
(v) Ptolemy	(e) Protestant Reformation.
(vi) Brunelleschi	(f) Mary holding the body of Jesus (sculpture), The Pieta.
(vii) Niccolo Machiavelli	(g) Brush drawing of Praying Hands.
(viii) Cassandra Fedele	(h) Almagest in Greek language
(ix) Martin Luther	(i) Known as disciple of experiment and scholar in astronomy, natural sciences, physiology and painting.
(x) Thomas More	(j) Painting of the child Jesus, Italy.

▼ Answer

Answer:

Column A	Column B
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